The Tyler-Main House is a circa 1820 two-story stone house with a principal south elevation dominated by a two-level open porch and a later two-story stone The exterior is painted white and the bay addition with a lower roof. arrangement is irregular, with 6/6 windows placed in different proportions with the doors in each of the sections. Its documentary history is obscure, but in combination with the 1808, 1858, and 1873 maps, strongly suggests that the house was built in the first quarter of the 19th century, possibly in connection with a nearby saw mill. The property was acquired by Dr. William Tyler in 1834, who had owned other land in the vicinity since about 1808. In 1853, William Main purchased the house and a property larger than the current The vernacular architecture of the house is still clearly apparent, although somewhat altered in window and door type and in the materials of the south porch. It is a good representative of a stone rural dwelling of the first quarter of the 19th century.

F-3-127 Tyler-Main House Frederick Frederick County

HISTORIC CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont (Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period:
Agricultural-Industrial Transition, A.D. 1815-1870

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes:
Architecture, Landscape Architecture and Community Planning

Resource Types:

Category: Building

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function and Use:
Domestic/single dwelling/residence

Known Design Source: None

M56 P486

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF Maryland Historical Trust

HISTORICAL TRUST

State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-3-127

Magi No.

DOE <u>yes x no</u>

4 None	6. 1				
1. Nam	(indicate p	referred name)			
historic Tyl	er-Main House				
and/or common					
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	5406 Camp Raud	ly Road	-	not for publication	
city, town	'rederick	x vicinity of	congressional district	6th	
state M	Maryland	county	Frederick		
3. Clas	sification				
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not_applicable	Statusx_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessiblex_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Prope	erty (give names a	nd mailing addresse	es of <u>all</u> owners)	
name Hele	en A. Hooper et al				
street & number 5406 Camp Raudy Road			telephone no.:		
city, town Frederick sta			e and zip code MD 21702		
	ation of Leg	al Description			
		ederick County Courth		liber ⁹⁵⁰	
street & number 100 W. Patrick Street				folio ⁸⁶¹	
city, town	rederick		state	MD 21701	
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surv	veys	
title					
date			federal sta	te county loca	
pository for su	urvey records				
city, town			state		

7. Description

Survey No.

F-3-127

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

CONTRIBUTING RESOURCE COUNT: 1

The Tyler-Main House is a two-story stone vernacular dwelling built about 1820, based on its architecture and land records, which is located on the north side of Camp Raudy Road about 100 yards west of the Edgewood Church of God (F-3-93) near the intersection of Edgewood Church Road about 1-1/2 miles northwest of Frederick (City), Frederick County, Maryland. The principal elevation faces south and the house is banked into a slope on the north elevation. A lower two-story section adjoins the main section on the west elevation. The building is painted white and has been altered in the mid-20th century with modern windows in some locations.

The south elevation is dominated by the two-story porch which extends across the entire facade, including the addition on the west. In the original two-story section, the porch is integral and the roof eaves extend over the second story open level of the porch. On the addition, the second level is an open deck. The railings are plain three horizontal boards. The porch supports on the lower level level of the porch. are modern cast iron, probably replacing the original wood posts or columns. The first story deck is paved with modern flagstones which extend into the walkway to the road and to walks to the rear and west elevations. The south elevation has three irregular bays, with four openings on the lower level and three on the upper The door on the first story is in the inner east bay and has a panel door with a glazed upper section, undoubtedly a replacement of the original door. T flanking windows are 6/6 with wood lintels. The addition on the west is clearly demarcated by a joint line between the two sections and appears to have been built late in the 19th century or early in the 20th century, based on the lower pitch of the roof and the window placement. It has an additional two bays, one containing a door similar to that in the main section. The lower level window is a small plate glass modern type. The upper story has paired 6/6 windows. On the west elevation, the lower pitch of the gable roof of the addition is clearly visible. The roof on the addition is standing seam metal and the main roof is corrugated metal with interior end chimneys. A third small chimney is located in the west end of the addition. The west elevation of the addition has a small terrace and a side entrance door. The north elevation of the house has irregular bays roughly duplicating the placement of the bays on the south elevation in each section. Paired basement level windows are just above ground level in the main section. The east elevation has a single 6/6 window in the lower level and two 2/2 attic level The interior was not accessible for this survey. A non-contributing windows. concrete block garage is located a considerable distance to the north of the house.

Period prehisto 1400-14 1500-15 1600-16 1700-17 X	archeology-historic		literature military music t philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation
Specific da	tes C. 1820	Builder/Architect		
AŢ	oplicable Criteria:A and/or oplicable Exception:		<u>E</u> FG	
Le	evel of Significance:	national state	x local	

Survey No.

F-3-127

8. Significance

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The Tyler-Main House is a good example of stone vernacular construction in the first quarter of the 19th century. Although altered in the late 19th and mid 20th centuries, it retains the simple form of a rural dwelling of about 1820. Its history could not be clearly traced through deed records, but it was probably part of a larger farm property sold to Dr. William Tyler (1784-1872) in 1834. He was a brother of Dr. John Tyler, a prominent Frederick physician in the first quarter of the 19th century. William Tyler arrived in Frederick County about 1798, studied medicine with his brother and entered practice about 1807. The 1808 Varle map of Frederick and Washington Counties shows William Tyler's name and a house symbol near the site, as well as a saw mill symbol on the creek south of Camp Raudy Road, which 3 a tributary of Carroll Creek. It is possible that the stone house was associated with the saw mill and later was purchased by Tyler for addition to his farm In 1853, the property was sold to William Main, who retained ownership property. until 1876. The reprinted 1858 Bond map is almost illegible in the vicinity of the Tyler-Main House, but seems to indicate that a structure was extant on the site. In the 1873 Titus Atlas map, the name associated with the house is J. Main Sr. In any the vernacular style of the house places it in the category of a functional residence of the type occupied by day laborers, tenant farmers, and skilled craftsmen rather than owners of large farms and estates. Among similar houses of the same period in Frederick County, the Tyler-Main House is moderately significant because of the changes in its doors and windows, its immediate setting, and the lack of existing contributing outbuildings.

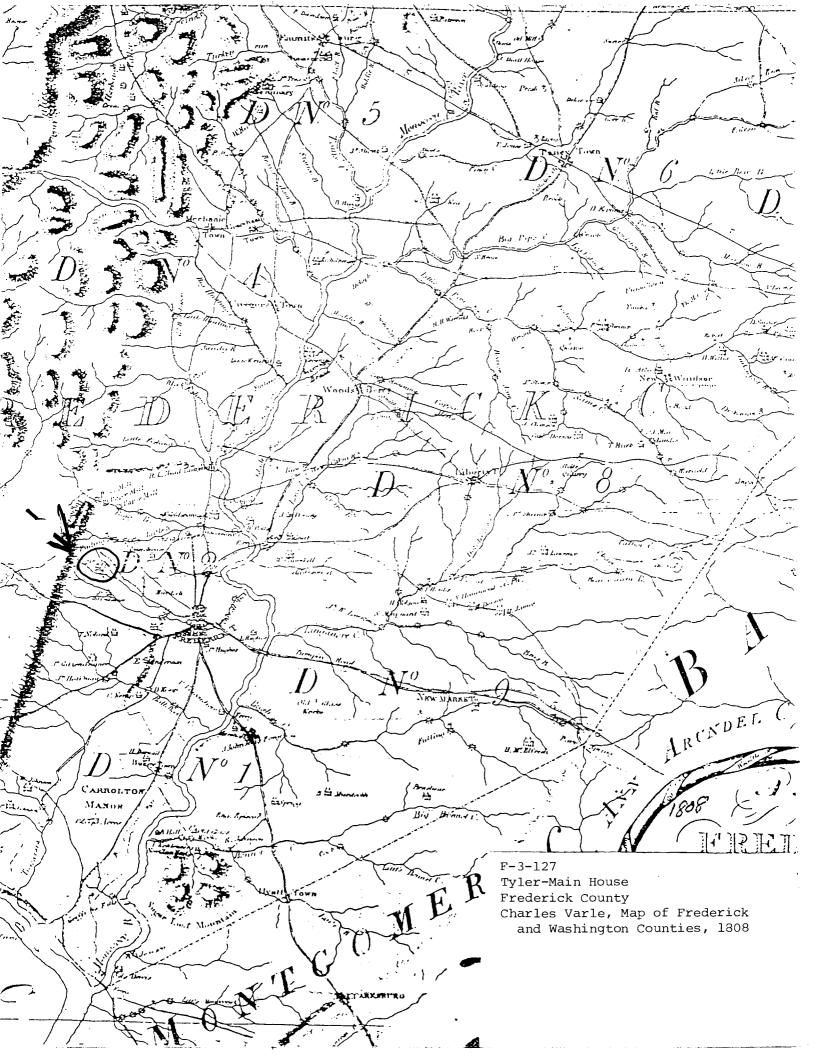
Major Bibliographical References Survey No. F-3-127 Bond, Isaac. Map of Frederick County, 1858. Land Records of Frederick County Titus, C.O. Atlas of Frederick County, 1873. Varle, Charles. Map of Frederick and Washington Counties, 1808. (continued on separate sheet) **Geographical Data** l acre Acreage of nominated property _ Quadrangle name Frederick, Md. 1:24000 Quadrangle scale UTM References do NOT complete UTM references Zone Verbal boundary description and justification Approximately 1 acre centered on the dwelling on Tax Map 56, Parcel 486. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries code county code state code code county state Form Prepared By Janet L. Davis, Historic Sites Surveyor name/title Frederick County Planning & Zoning February 1993 date organization 12 E. Church Street 696-2958 telephone street & number Frederick MD 21701 state city or town The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement. The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

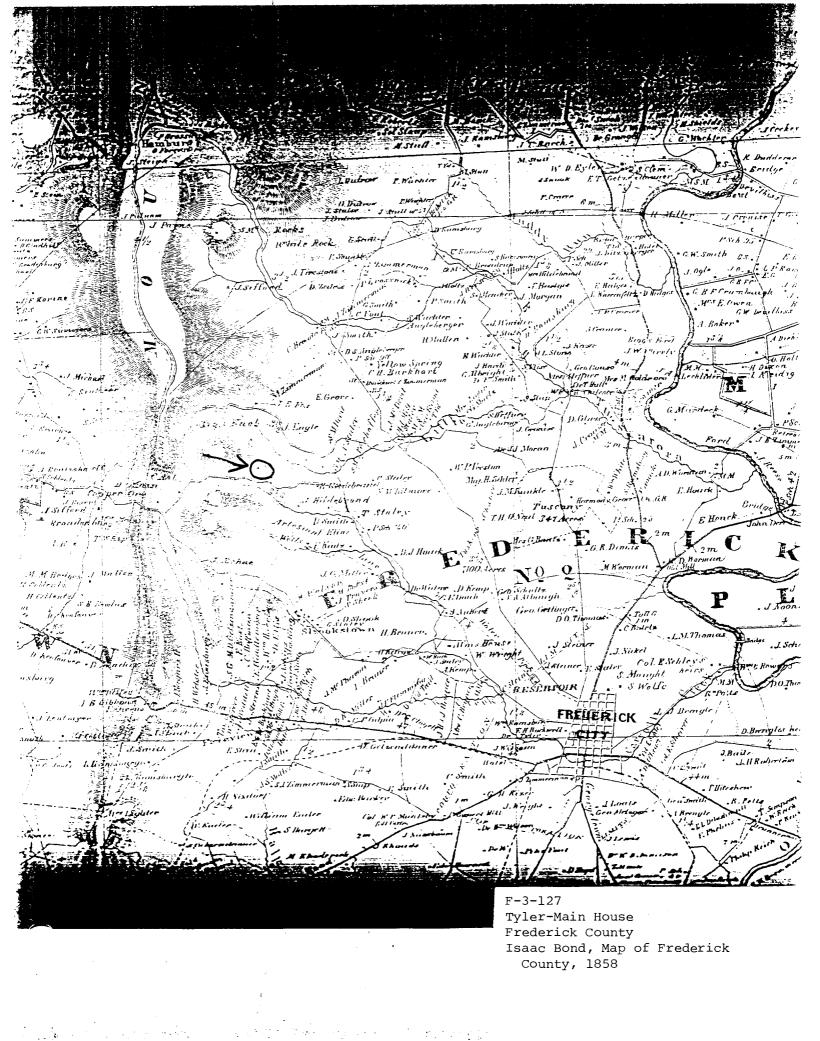
return to: Maryland Historical Trust MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST Shaw House DHCP/DHCD 21 State Circle 100 COMMUNITY PLACE Annapolis, Maryland 21401 CROWNSWILE, MD 21032-2022 (301) 269-2438

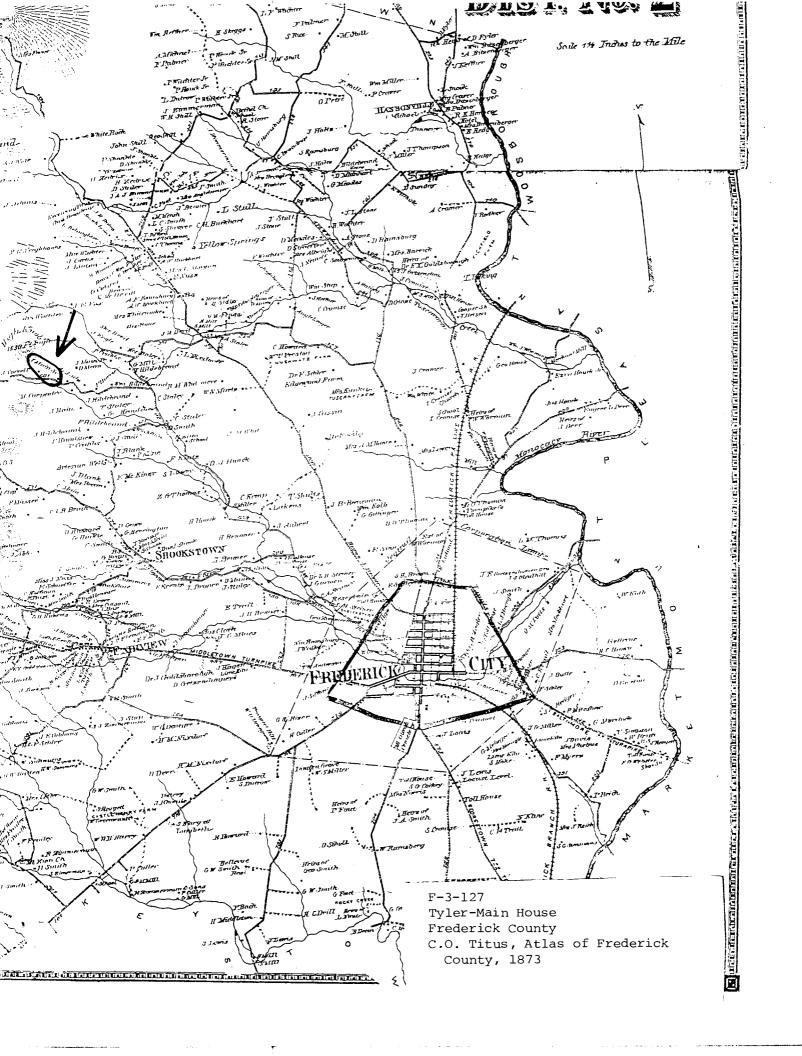
Tyler-Main House Frederick County

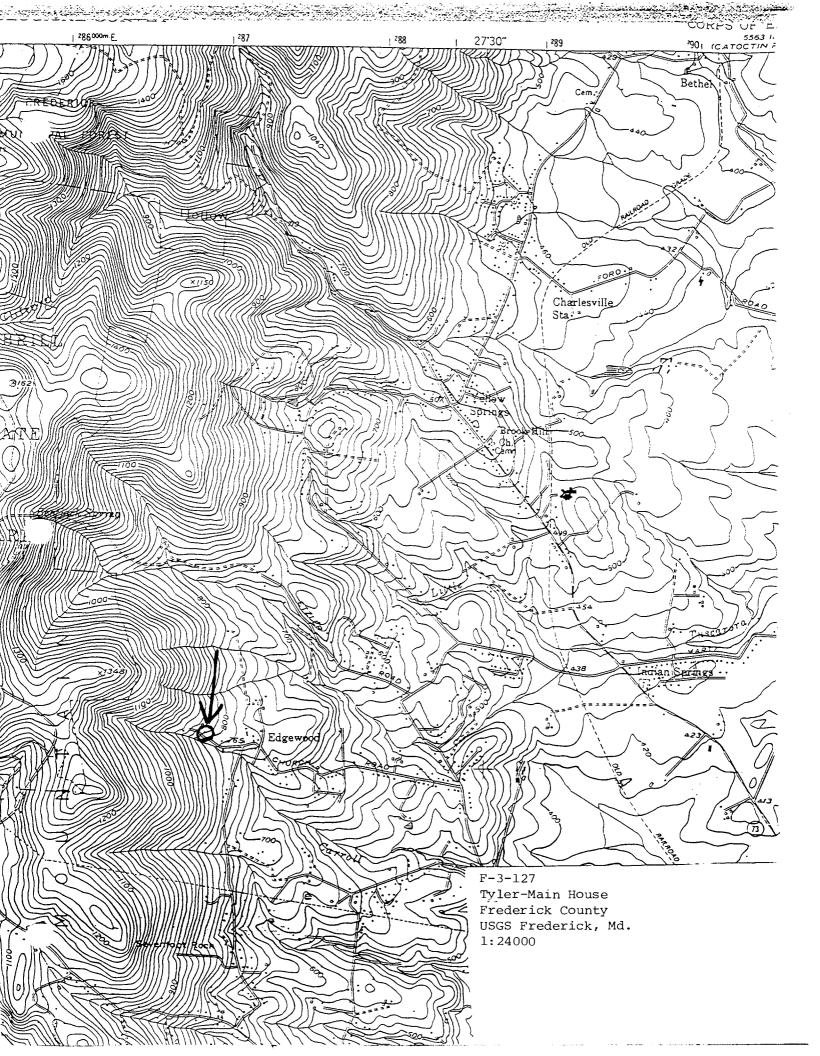
9.1 Bibliography (Continued)

Williams, T.J.C., and Folger McKinsey. <u>History of Frederick County</u>, 1910. Reprinted Baltimore: Regional Publishing Co., 1979, 1398.











F 3- 27 Tyler-Main House Fredetick County Photo Javet Dovis February 1993 Neg loc. Md SHPO. Crownsville Md South Elevation 1/3



F-3-127 Tyler-Main House Frederick County Photo: Jonet Dovis February 1993 Neg loc. : Md. SHPO Crownsville, Md. East elevation 2/3



F 3-127 Tyler Moin House Frederick County Photo: Janet Davis February 1993 Neg. loc. Md. SHPO. Crownsulle Md North elevation 3/3